



## A CONSORTIUM TO RAISE THE YIELD POTENTIAL OF WHEAT Can we drive a second green revolution?

Martin Parry





# *'Demand for food is projected to increase by 50% by 2030 and double by 2050 '*

http://www.bbsrc.ac.uk/organisation/policies/reviews/consultations/0905\_food\_security\_consult ation.pdf http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/in\_depth/world/2008/costoffood/default.stm

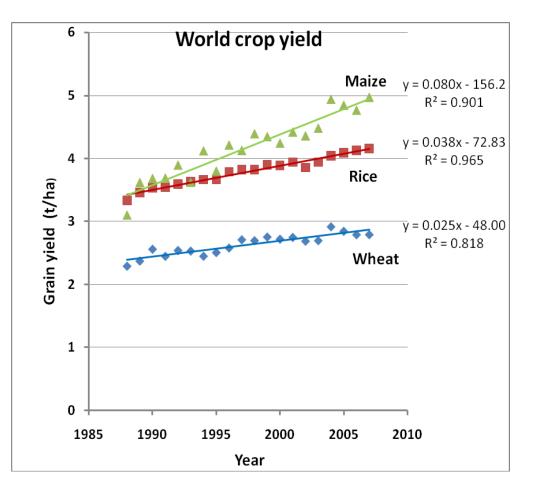




- more output
- from less land
- with less water
- with less energy
- with less emissions







World yields for wheat, rice and maize, 1988-2007. Source: FAOSTAT.





## · Raising genetic yield potential

 Minimise gap between yield potential & actual yield



- Conceived in 2006
- Integrated activity across 3 research themes
- Seeking a £70M USD investment
- main sites
- Open Strategic collaboration
  - 6 Countries
  - 20+ universities and institutes
  - ? industrial partners



















## 1) Increasing photosynthetic capacity and efficiency

## 2) Optimizing partitioning to grain yield while maintaining lodging resistance

3) Breeding to accumulate yield potential traits





- Photosynthetic capacity barely changed since wheat breeding began.
- Basic research suggests substantial improvements in yield are theoretically possible.
  - CO<sub>2</sub> enrichment experiments
  - C<sub>4</sub> crops (e.g. maize, Sorghum, Millet) show up to 50% greater RUE than C<sub>3</sub> species (wheat, rice, beans, potatoes, most vegetables)

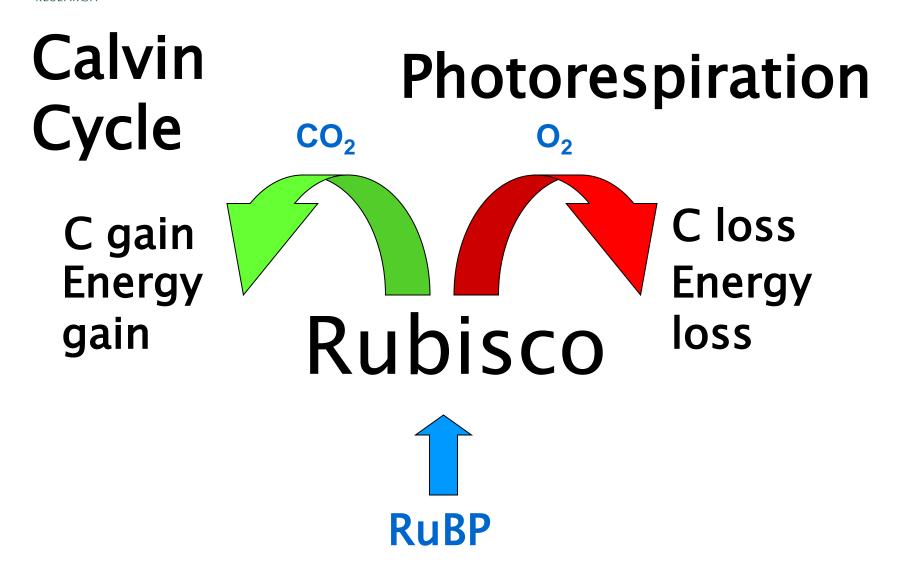




- Interception of Radiation
- Duration of Photosynthesis
- Rate of photosynthesis
- Extent of down regulation





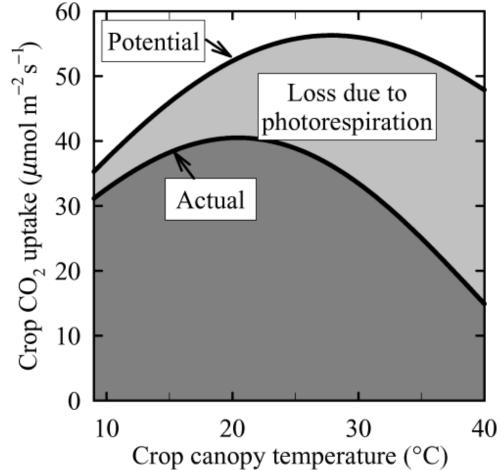




#### **Photorespiratory Losses**



## Actual and potential rates of crop canopy photosynthesis v temperature



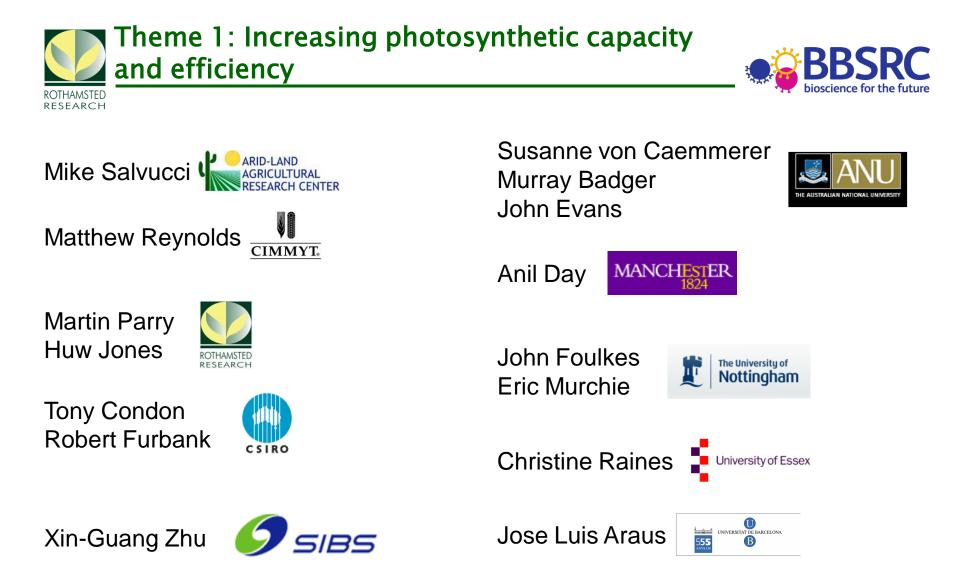
Long et al 2006. Plant, Cell & Environment 29, 315–330





RESEARCH

- •SP1.1: Phenotypic selection for photosynthetic capacity and efficiency
- •SP1.2: Phenotypic selection for ear photosynthesis
- •SP1.3: Optimising and Modelling canopy photosynthesis and duration
- •SP1.4: Chloroplast CO<sub>2</sub> pumps
- •SP1.5 : Increasing RuBP Regeneration
- •SP1.6: Improving the thermal stability of Rubisco activase
- •SP1.7: Replacement of LS Rubisco







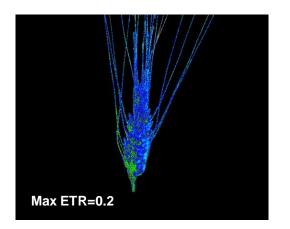
- Grind and find screen for kinetic properties (slow and laborious)
- Sequence based screen

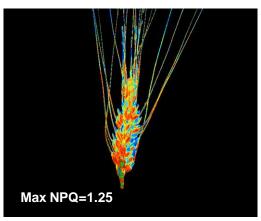
RESEARCH

- In vivo physiology screen for kinetic properties
  - Tractable using gas exchange screen, canopy T and chlorophyll fluorescence for thousands of lines
  - Can use the subset of germplasm for grind and find
  - Could also find other useful traits (NUE, stomatal response)









- Photosynthesis of glumes and awns can provide up 30% of grain carbon
- Considerable genetic variation
- Can be screened for with chl fluorescence
- Has not been selected for





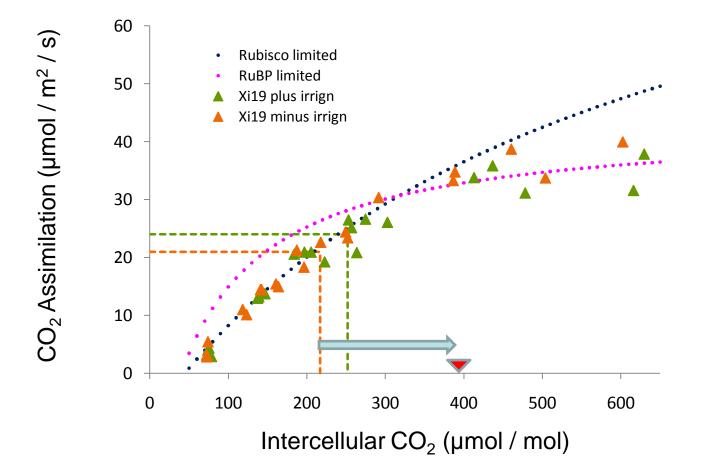
#### Theme 1: Increasing Photosynthetic Capacity and Efficiency

- •SP1.1: Phenotypic selection for photosynthetic capacity and efficiency
- •SP1.2: Phenotypic selection for ear photosynthesis
- •SP1.3: Optimising and Modelling canopy photosynthesis and duration
- •SP1.4: Chloroplast CO<sub>2</sub> pumps
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## CREATE NOVEL GERMPLASM BY TRANSGENIC APPROACHES



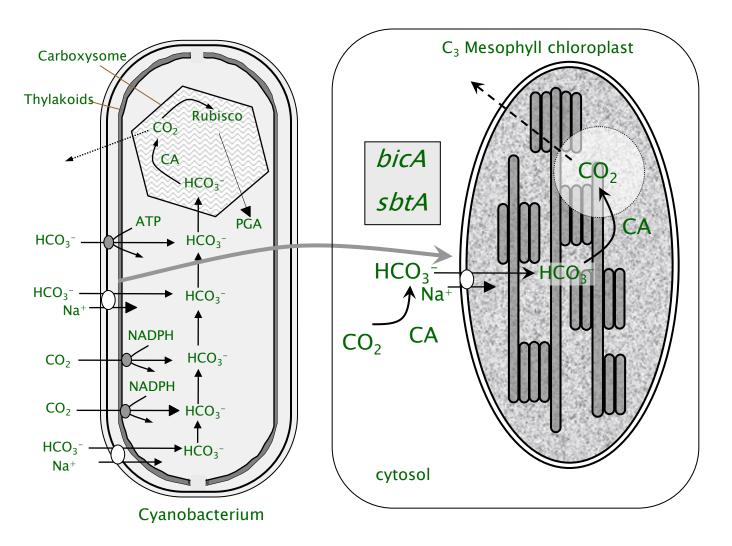
ROTHAMSTED research







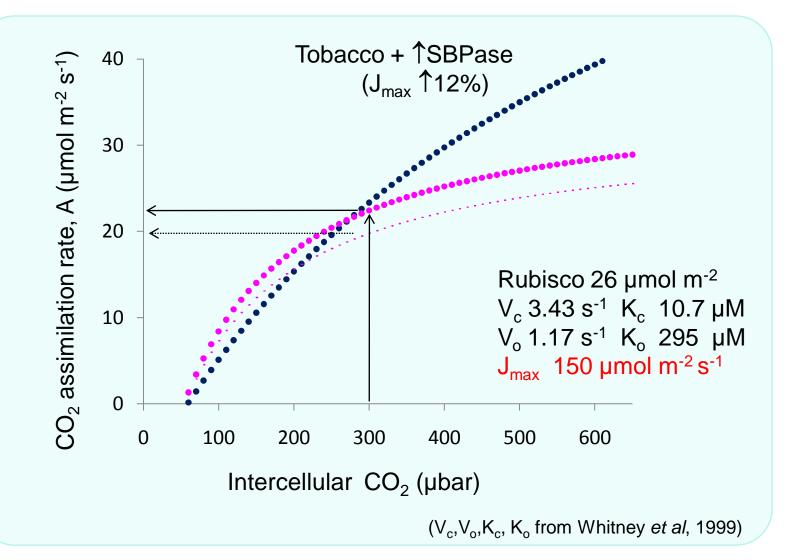






### **Increasing RuBP Regeneration**







### **Increased SBPase acitivity**

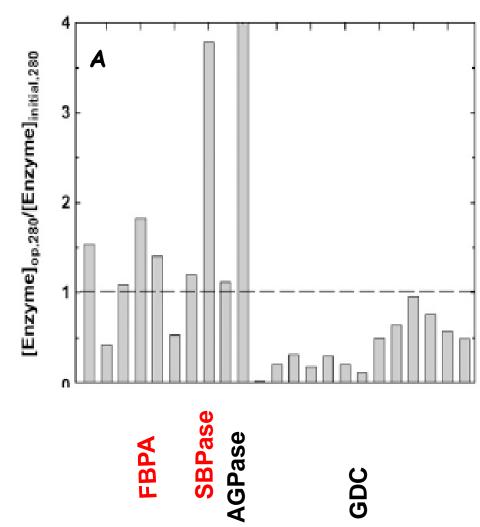




### Growth stimulated in 7wk tobacco plants in GH



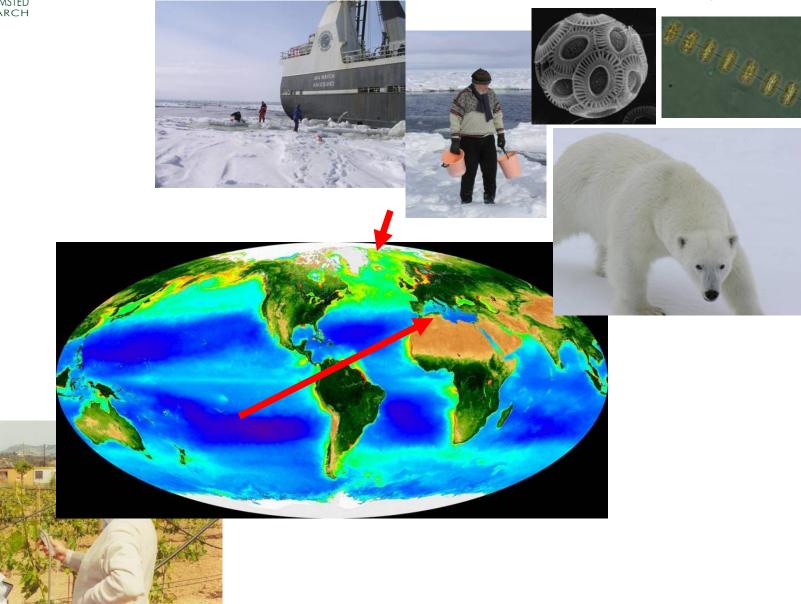




Zhu et al., 2007 Plant Physiology 145: 513-526

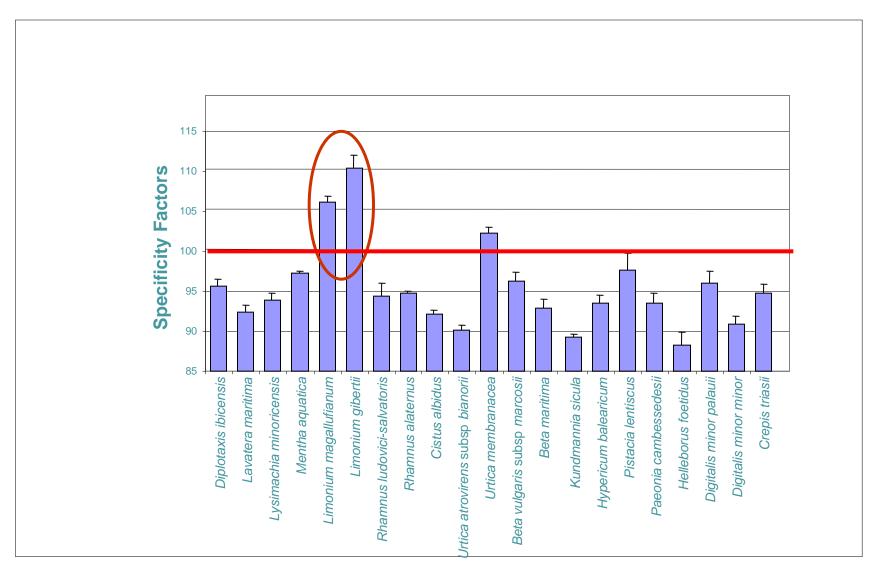






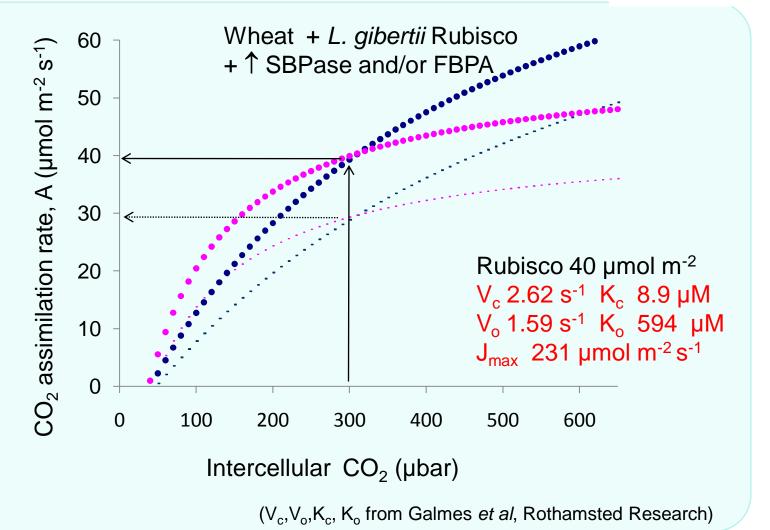


## Specificity factor for Rubisco at 25°C





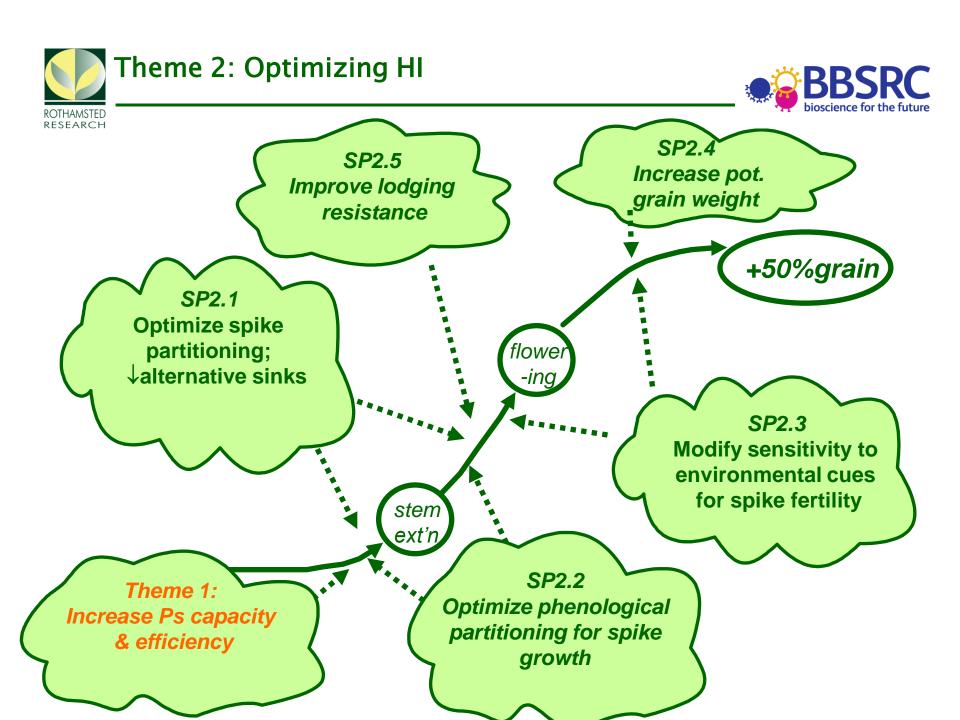
### Rubisco Engineering

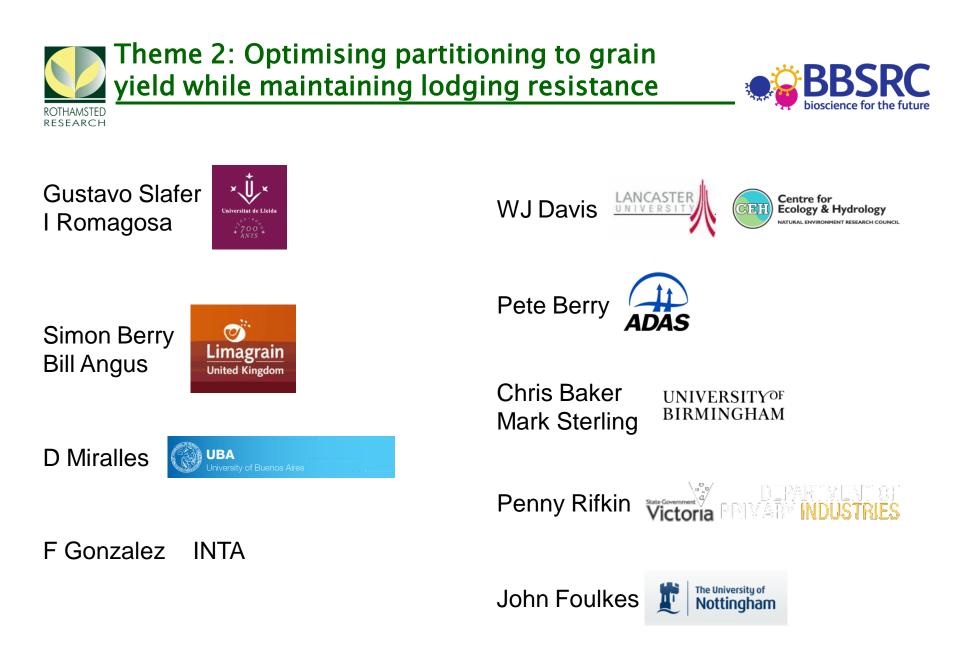






RCH			
Modification	Predicted Increase (%)	Time scale (years)	
Mine existing germplasm	5-20	<5	
Short-circuiting photorespiration	0–5	5	
Increased mesophyll conductance	5-10	5	
Increased RuBP regeneration	0-10	5	
Exploiting existing species variation in Rubisco	0-20	12	
Exploiting existing species variation in Rubisco	10-35	15	
and increased RuBP regeneration			
Optimized Rubisco regulation	5-20	10	
CO <sub>2</sub> pump	0-30	10	
CO <sub>2</sub> pump with Kranz anatomy	50	20	
Rubisco without oxygenase and high <i>K</i> <sub>cat</sub>	100	20	







## Structural failure (lodging) must be avoided in heavier yielding plants







- Lodging already a persistent phenomenon in wheat (Easson *et al.*, 1993)
- Reduces yield by as much as 80% and reduces grain quality
- Heavier yielding crops will require stronger plants
- Genetic improvement of stems and crown roots will be needed
- Trade-offs between partitioning to spikes versus stems/roots must be optimized





	Lodging-proof crop	Best current variety
Root plate spread (mm)	57	46
Stem wall width (mm)	0.65	0.75
Stem diameter (mm)	4.25	3.84
Material strength (Mpa)	43	34
Stem & root biomass (t/ha)	8.8	7.7



RESEARCH



- SP 3.1: Trait and marker based breeding to combine traits
- SP3.2: Wide crossing to enhance photosynthetic capacity
- SP 3.3: Genomic selection to increase breeding efficiency
- SP3.4: Germplasm testing and delivery to LDCs





Ian King



Rowan Sage



Peter Langridge



Simon Griffiths

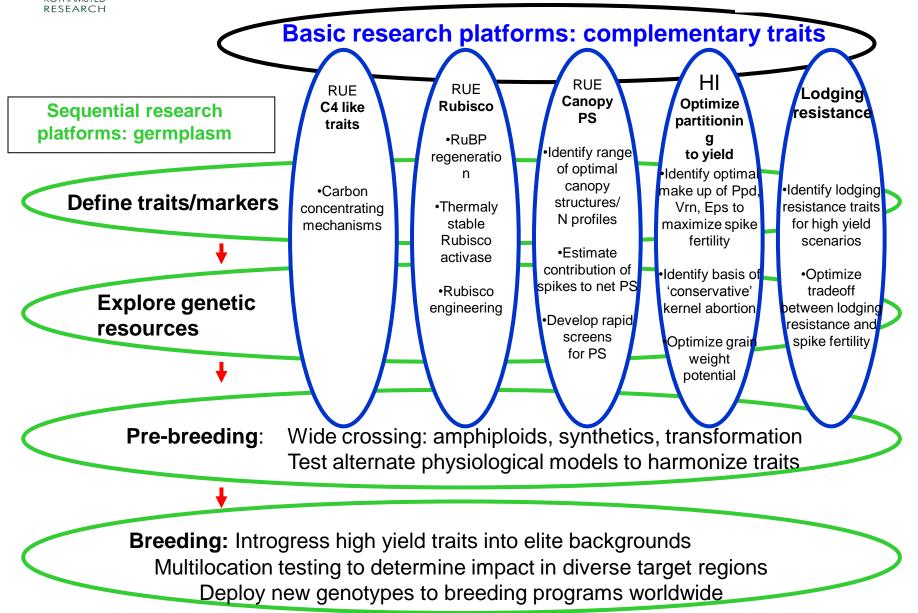


Ron Phillips Perry Gustavson















Grains Research & Development Corporation







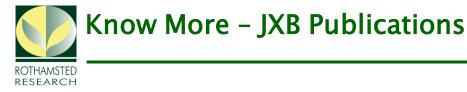








- 10-50% increased biomass (10-25 years)
- Harvest index >/= 0.5
- Structural failure improbable in 90% of years
- Simultaneous expression of all characteristics in most major wheat agro-ecosystems.
- Spill-over effects into marginal environments



Matthew Reynolds, David Bonnett, Scott C. Chapman, Robert T Furbank, Yann Manès, Diane E Mather & Martin AJ Parry. (2010) Raising yield potential of wheat. I. Overview of a consortium approach and breeding strategies *J. Exp. Bot. doi:10.1093/jxb/erq311* 

Martin AJ Parry, Matthew Reynolds, Michael E Salvucci, Christine Raines, P John Andralojc, Xin–Guang Zhu, G Dean Price, Anthony G Condon & Robert T Furbank (2010) Raising yield potential of wheat. II. Increasing photosynthetic capacity and efficiency *J. Exp. Bot. doi:10.1093/jxb/erq304* 

M. John Foulkes, Gustavo A. Slafer, William J. Davies, Pete. M. Berry, Roger Sylvester-Bradley, Pierre Martre, Daniel F. Calderini, Simon Griffiths & Matthew P. Reynolds (2010) Raising yield potential of wheat. III. Optimizing partitioning to grain while maintaining lodging resistance *J. Exp. Bot. doi:10.1093/jxb/erq300*